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PTO/SB/21 (04-04)

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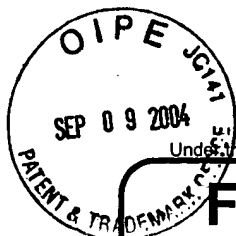
TRANSMITTAL FORM (to be used for all correspondence after initial filing)	Application Number	09/542,445	
	Filing Date	April 4, 2000	
	First Named Inventor	Staples	
	Art Unit	1645	
	Examiner Name	S. Devi, Ph.D.	
Total Number of Pages in This Submission	12	Attorney Docket Number	BEH-7354A DIV

ENCLOSURES (Check all that apply)		
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Fee Transmittal Form	<input type="checkbox"/> Drawing(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> After Allowance communication to Technology Center (TC)
<input type="checkbox"/> Fee Attached	<input type="checkbox"/> Licensing-related Papers	<input type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to Board of Appeals and Interferences
<input type="checkbox"/> Amendment/Reply	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Appeal Communication to TC (Appeal Notice, Brief, Reply Brief)
<input type="checkbox"/> After Final	<input type="checkbox"/> Petition to Convert to a Provisional Application	<input type="checkbox"/> Proprietary Information
<input type="checkbox"/> Affidavits/declaration(s)	<input type="checkbox"/> Power of Attorney, Revocation	<input type="checkbox"/> Status Letter
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SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT, ATTORNEY, OR AGENT		
Firm or Individual name	Cynthia G. Tymeson Dade Behring Inc.	
Signature	<i>Cynthia G. Tymeson</i>	
Date	09/09/04	

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This collection of information is required by 37 CFR 1.5. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.14. This collection is estimated to 2 hours to complete, including gathering, preparing, and submitting the completed application form to the USPTO. Time will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450. DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450.

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FEE TRANSMITTAL for FY 2004

Effective 10/01/2003. Patent fees are subject to annual revision.

☐ Applicant claims small entity status. See 37 CFR 1.27

TOTAL AMOUNT OF PAYMENT (\$) 330.00

Complete if Known

Application Number	09/542,445
Filing Date	April 4, 2000
First Named Inventor	Staples
Examiner Name	S. Devi, Ph.D.
Art Unit	1645
Attorney Docket No.	BEH-7354A DIV

METHOD OF PAYMENT (check all that apply)

☐ Check ☐ Credit card ☐ Money Order ☐ Other ☐ None

☒ Deposit Account:

Deposit
Account
Number
Deposit
Account
Name

04-0010

Dade Behring Inc.

The Director is authorized to: (check all that apply)

☐ Charge fee(s) indicated below ☐ Credit any overpayments

☐ Charge any additional fee(s) or any underpayment of fee(s)

☐ Charge fee(s) indicated below, except for the filing fee to the above-identified deposit account.

FEE CALCULATION

1. BASIC FILING FEE

Large Entity Fee Code (\$)	Small Entity Fee Code (\$)	Fee Description	Fee Paid
1001 770	2001 385	Utility filing fee	
1002 340	2002 170	Design filing fee	
1003 530	2003 265	Plant filing fee	
1004 770	2004 385	Reissue filing fee	
1005 160	2005 80	Provisional filing fee	

SUBTOTAL (1) (\$)

2. EXTRA CLAIM FEES FOR UTILITY AND REISSUE

	Extra Claims	Fee from below	Fee Paid
Total Claims	-20** =	X	
Independent Claims	-3** =	X	
Multiple Dependent			

Large Entity Fee Code (\$)	Small Entity Fee Code (\$)	Fee Description
1202 18	2202 9	Claims in excess of 20
1201 86	2201 43	Independent claims in excess of 3
1203 290	2203 145	Multiple dependent claim, if not paid
1204 86	2204 43	** Reissue independent claims over original patent
1205 18	2205 9	** Reissue claims in excess of 20 and over original patent

SUBTOTAL (2) (\$)

**or number previously paid, if greater; For Reissues, see above

FEE CALCULATION (continued)

3. ADDITIONAL FEES

Large Entity Small Entity

Fee Code (\$)	Fee Code (\$)	Fee Description	Fee Paid
1051 130	2051 65	Surcharge - late filing fee or oath	
1052 50	2052 25	Surcharge - late provisional filing fee or cover sheet	
1053 130	1053 130	Non-English specification	
1812 2,520	1812 2,520	For filing a request for <i>ex parte</i> reexamination	
1804 920*	1804 920*	Requesting publication of SIR prior to Examiner action	
1805 1,840*	1805 1,840*	Requesting publication of SIR after Examiner action	
1251 110	2251 55	Extension for reply within first month	
1252 420	2252 210	Extension for reply within second month	
1253 950	2253 475	Extension for reply within third month	
1254 1,480	2254 740	Extension for reply within fourth month	
1255 2,010	2255 1,005	Extension for reply within fifth month	
1401 330	2401 165	Notice of Appeal	
1402 330	2402 165	Filing a brief in support of an appeal	330.00
1403 290	2403 145	Request for oral hearing	
1451 1,510	1451 1,510	Petition to institute a public use proceeding	
1452 110	2452 55	Petition to revive - unavoidable	
1453 1,330	2453 665	Petition to revive - unintentional	
1501 1,330	2501 665	Utility issue fee (or reissue)	
1502 480	2502 240	Design issue fee	
1503 640	2503 320	Plant issue fee	
1460 130	1460 130	Petitions to the Commissioner	
1807 50	1807 50	Processing fee under 37 CFR 1.17(q)	
1806 180	1806 180	Submission of Information Disclosure Stmt	
8021 40	8021 40	Recording each patent assignment per property (times number of properties)	
1809 770	2809 385	Filing a submission after final rejection (37 CFR 1.129(a))	
1810 770	2810 385	For each additional invention to be examined (37 CFR 1.129(b))	
1801 770	2801 385	Request for Continued Examination (RCE)	
1802 900	1802 900	Request for expedited examination of a design application	

Other fee (specify)

*Reduced by Basic Filing Fee Paid

SUBTOTAL (3) (\$) 330.00

SUBMITTED BY

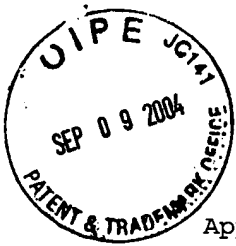
(Complete (if applicable))

Name (Print/Type)	Cynthia G. Tymeson	Registration No. (Attorney/Agent)	34,745	Telephone	302-631-0360
Signature	Cynthia G. Tymeson	Date	09/09/07		

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IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Application of: Staples et al.)
)
Serial No.: 09/542,445) Art Unit: 1645
)
Date Filed: 04/04/00) Examiner: S. Devi, Ph.D.
)
Title: Reagents for Assays for Ligands) Date: September 9, 2004
)
Atty. Docket No.: BEH-7354A DIV)

The Honorable Commissioner of
Patents and Trademarks
Washington D.C. 20231

APPEAL BRIEF

Sir:

This is an appeal from the decision of the examiner to the Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences. The Notice of Appeal was filed on January 26, 2004 in response to a final rejection dated July 8, 2003, a Petition to Revive having been also filed on January 26, 2004, such petition being granted on July 9, 2004. The Appeal Brief is now due.

1. Real Party in Interest. The real party in interest in this appeal is the assignee of the application, Dade Behring Inc.

2. Related Appeals and Interferences. Applicants submit that there are no appeals or interferences currently pending or presently intended that will directly affect, or be directly affected by, or have a bearing on the Board's decision in this appeal.

3. Status of Claims. Claims 1-39 were filed in the parent case on July 17, 1997 as 08/896,244. Claims 4-39 were canceled without prejudice on April 25, 2000 and have been pursued in divisional applications.

Claim 1 was amended on January 2, 2002 to overcome a 102(e) rejection under Khanna et al. (US4798804) referred to herein as Khanna. Claim 1 was amended and the rejection was withdrawn on 04/05/2002, but the Examiner issued a new and final rejection of claims 1-3 under 103(a) in view of Nishijo et al. (*Chem. Pharm. Bull*, 33:2648-2653, 1985), or Kaufman (CA 2014233) in view of Neumann et al. (US 4559291) or Khanna. Applicants filed an RCE on September 30, 2002 which included arguments for patentability of claims 1-3 over the cited art. The Examiner withdrew the rejection on 12/31/02 but rejected the claims over Tabachnick et al. (*Arch. Biochem. Biophys.* 136: 467-479, 1970 and referred to herein as Tabachnick) in view of Khanna. Claims 1-3 were finally rejected on this same basis on July 08, 2003. A Reply was filed on

November 20, 2003 which contained arguments for patentability and included two terminal disclaimers to overcome double-patenting rejections. Applicants believe that Reply was not entered, thus issues of double patenting remain but are not a subject of this appeal.

Claims 1-3 are the subject of this appeal and stand rejected under 35 U.S.C. §103 as being unpatentable over over Tabachnick in view of Khanna.

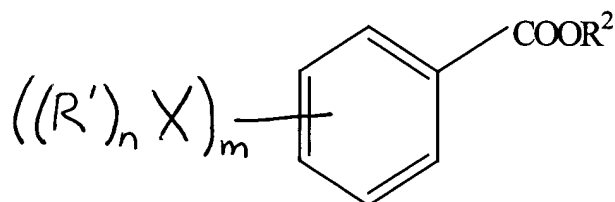
4. Status of Amendments. Claim 1 now on appeal was last amended on January 2, 2002. Claims 2 and 3 have not been amended. The claims are set out in Appendix 1.

5. Summary of the Invention. The subject matter claimed in the present application is useful in the field of assays of ligands including drug-ligands to provide a more accurate measurement of the ligand. When the ligand is being assayed it is often called the ligand analyte. Specification, page 1, lines 1-14 and page 6, lines 12 to page 8, line 16. Assays often rely on the binding of the ligand to a specific receptor for that ligand. Specification, page 1, lines 1-14. Samples taken from the body such as blood or urine often have substances, such as proteins, which interfere with that specific binding. Specification,

page 1, lines 26-29. Interference is caused by the endogenous protein binding non-specifically to the ligand thus inhibiting the ability of the ligand to bind to the specific receptor. These endogenous proteins which are often in high concentrations relative to the analyte can then bind to a significant number of analyte molecules and reduce the assay's sensitivity to the analyte. Specification page 1, lines 26-32.

In particular the claims provide a method which uses a releasing agent to diminish or remove the effect of interfering endogenous proteins (Specification page 10, line 30 to page 11, line 2) without some of the deficiencies of releasing agents previously used to release a ligand from an endogenous protein.

The medium which is suspected of having a complex of a ligand complexed to an endogenous protein is contacted with an effective amount of a compound having the following structure:



where R^2 is an alkyl group or H, R^1 is alkyl; X is O, S or N. When X is O or S, n is 1. When X is N, then n is 2. M(m) is 1 or 2. Specification page 4, lines 19-29.

In claim 2, X is O. In claim 3 the releasing agent used to release the ligand from the endogenous protein is methoxybenzoic acid.

6. Issue on Appeal. Whether or not claims 1-3 are unpatentable under 35 U.S.C. §103 over Tabachnick in view of Khanna?

7. Grouping of claims. There is a single rejection being appealed which applies to all claims. Applicants understand and acknowledge that the claims shall stand or fall together.

8. Arguments. Claims 1-3 stand rejected as being unpatentable under 35 U.S.C. §103 over Tabachnick in view of Khanna. The rejection is respectfully traversed.

The feature relied upon for novelty is the use of the particular releasing agents for releasing a ligand from a complex of a ligand with an endogenous protein. Use of these compounds to release a ligand from a complex of a ligand with an endogenous protein are neither disclosed nor suggested by Tabachnick in view of Khanna. Thus, it is applicants' position that the present invention is patentable over Tabachnick in view of Khanna.

The Examiner, in the Office Action dated 12/31/2002 at page 4, points to (a) the Abstract, (apparently the fourth sentence, which states " The effect of different substituents on the binding of phenols was in the order: alkyl group (CH_3- , or $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{C}-$), $< \text{NO}_2$, $\text{Cl} < \text{Br}$, $\text{I}."$,) (b) Table I (relating to phenols, not benzoates), (c) Table IV, (d) Figure 5 and (e) page 476 and 478, and states Tabachnick teaches a method for releasing a ligand (specifically thyroxine) from an endogenous protein (specifically albumin) using an *ortho* substituted benzoic acid derivative which contains an alkyl group. The Examiner then states that Khanna discloses that methoxybenzoic acid can be a releasing agent for releasing a ligand from a complex.

The Examiner concludes that it would be *prima facie* obvious for one skilled in the art to replace Tabachnick's *ortho* substituted alkyl containing benzoic acid releasing agent with Khanna's specific releasing agent, *para*-methoxy benzoic acid (see Khanna col. 3, lines 41-57, particularly line 57), to provide the method of this invention.

The Examiner states that " substitution of one substituted benzoic acid releasing agent with an alternate art-known specific benzoic acid releasing agent would have been well within the realm of routine experimentation and would have been obvious to one of skill in the art, since the latter was already taught

by Khanna et al. to serve as a conventionally used releasing agent" . See Office Action, 12/31/02 at page 4, next to the last paragraph.

Applicants would agree that Tabachnick tested several benzoic acid derivatives, some of which are *ortho*-substituted (among other derivatives), but Applicants disagree that Tabachnick teaches that any *ortho*-substituted benzoate containing an alkyl or *ortho* substituted derivatives are useful. In addition, the portion of the Abstract that mentions CH₃ as the least favorable substituent relates to phenols not benzoate. Table II also relates to phenols. Further, neither Table IV, Fig. 5, nor the pages referenced by the Examiner contain any benzoate substituted with CH₃ or recommend using an *ortho* substituted benzoate containing an alkyl.

Instead Tabachnick recommends extensive substitution by halogens (see Table II at page 471) but not at the *ortho* position (see abstract, page 471 col. 1 last sentence continuing to col. 2 and page 474, col. 2, first two full paragraphs). Instead Tabachnick recommends extensive substitution by halogens (or sometimes nitro) at the 3, 4, 5; or 3 and 5; or 2,3,5 positions as effective mainly to cause planarity of the molecule. See Table II at page 471, Table IV at page 472, and page 474, col. 2, first full paragraph, second sentence. In fact, Tabachnick teaches that *ortho*

positions are inhibitory - which can be overcome by adding halogens - page 474, col.2, full paragraph.

Thus, Applicants assert that one skilled in the art would not read Tabachnick as teaching ortho substituted benzoic acid derivatives which contain an alkyl group are useful releasing agents. In fact, Applicants submit that Tabachnick directs one skilled in the art away from derivatives which do not contain halogen or nitro groups, particularly these groups at the 3, 4, 5; or 3 and 5; or 2,3,5 positions. Thus, one would not look to Khanna which discloses para-methoxybenzoic acid to release cyclodextrin (a carbohydrate, not an endogenous protein) from digoxin (a ligand).

Further, Khanna specifically discloses that the ring is unsubstituted at the 2,3,5 and 6 positions, contrary to Tabachnick which teaches particularly halogen substituents and particular substitutions at 3, 4, 5; or 3 and 5; or 2,3,5 positions. See Khanna, col. 3, lines 40 - 47.

Even if one were to look at Khanna, Khanna does not disclose compounds for releasing endogenous proteins from ligands. Instead Khanna discloses a process to determine the presence of digoxin with a first step of binding digoxin to cyclodextrin, a carbohydrate and then releasing the cyclodextrin from the digoxin using in one instance a methoxybenzoic

acid. There is no suggestion that this releasing agent would work for complexes other than cyclodextrin:digoxin let alone for any complex which includes endogenous proteins. Nor does Tabachnick provide even a suggestion to try Khanna's derivative or does Khanna suggest that the disclosed releasing agents might work with releasing endogenous proteins.

Nowhere does Tabachnick, even in combination with Khanna, discuss, teach, or even suggest that the compounds of claim 1 or methoxybenzoic acid would be useful for releasing ligands from endogenous proteins. This feature is fully disclosed, taught and claimed by Applicants.

Thus, applicants contend that the combination does not teach or suggest the present invention.

For all of the foregoing reasons, Applicants respectfully request that the rejection be withdrawn and that the claims be allowed to issue.

Respectfully submitted,

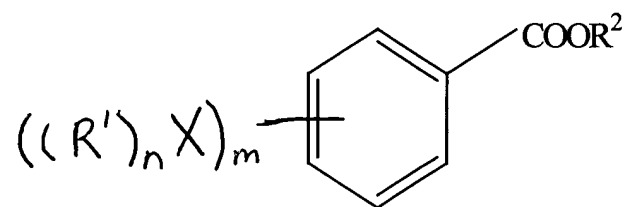


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APPENDIX 1

Claim 1 (as amended). A method for releasing a ligand from a complex with endogenous proteins, said method comprising contacting a medium suspected of containing said complex with an effective amount of a compound of the formula:



wherein R^1 is alkyl; R^2 is hydrogen or alkyl; X is O, S or N; n is 1 when X is O or S and n is 2 when X is N; and m is 1 or 2.

Claim 2. The method of Claim 1 wherein X is O.

Claim 3. The method of Claim 1 wherein said compound is methoxybenzoic acid.